Earley Environmental Group

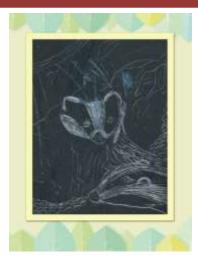


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www.earleyenvironmentalgroup.co.uk

Earley - Old English 'Earnley' = eagle wood



The Culling of Badgers Where to start? Relevant information would fill several large volumes. The very thought of a cull generates battle lines, drawn with no quarter given between supporters of this much-loved wild animal and farmers desperate to protect their cattle. 5000 are due to be killed in two pilot culls in West Gloucester and West Somerset, where the disease is prevalent.

The European badger (*meles meles*), 'Brock' or 'Grey', is featured in much of our literature. Unseen by the majority of us except dead on the roadside, it somehow elicits affection. Farmers are understandably not so well disposed,

insisting Brock transmits bovine TB to their cattle. The argument about this transmission, and how to stop the march of bovine TB, has raged for years.

The farmers say 'cull', but a great many scientists don't agree this is the answer. Other solutions put forward have been vaccination of badgers and of cattle, curbing the trading and movement of cattle, some of which are possibly infected so spreading it to clean areas, and contraceptive treatment of badgers to reduce the population. David Cameron is in favour of culling, citing the further billion pounds in compensation to the farmers, which will be paid over the next ten years.

Easy to say 'cull', but what are the practicalities? Gas down the setts? Shooting of freerunning badgers? The marksmen selected to carry out the cull will need to be super accurate shots! Perhaps the cost of possible full-scale culling would be better spent on finding a more humane way of solving this gigantic problem.

The above will probably have been overtaken by events when you read this. Find out more by attending the talk on Monday, September 16, 19.30 to 21.30, 'The resurgence of bovine TB in England and Wales: a scientific and political conundrum' by Nick Taylor, a veterinary epidemiologist working at the University of Reading.

Another talk of interest is by Ray Reedman on 18th November on *An Exploration of Bird Names*. Giving names to animals and plants is quite a tricky business (see page 2). I'd hazard a guess most readers don't know what *Vachellia erioloba* is. Well, come along to the talk on ANTS on 21st October and find out.

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The Eighteen Bird turns sixty

One of the regulars in my garden - and many others, of course ó is the beautiful little Collared Dove, *Streptopelia decaocto*. Only those of a certain vintage will remember Britain without them, so many may not realise that this year is the sixtieth anniversary of their first appearance in

Britain. This was not an expansion related to climate change, but rather to a generally unexplained expansion of the population westwards from Asia. When they were first named and described by a Hungarian, Frivadlsky, in 1838, they had reached Greece, and by 1940 had crossed the Balkans. Progress towards the English Channel was more rapid over the next decade or so, and I well remember that news of their arrival was the avian sensation of my teens.

The scientific name for the genus, *Streptopelia*, derives from Greek words meaning õeqmctlpgemncegö"cpf"õfqxgö."ukpeg"dktfu"qh"vjg"igpwu"jcxg"fkuvkpevkxg"pgem" o ctmkpiu."kp"vjku" case a neat black flash. But it is the species name which is most interesting, since *decaocto* o gcpu"õgki jvggpö0"Dwv" y j {"gki jvggpA"Ceeqtfkpi"vq"Lc o gu"Hkujgt."kp"cp"ctvkeng"kp"*British Birds* in May 1953, a legend was told by C. Hinke to J.F. Naumann in 1837, which goes thus:

 \tilde{o} C"rqqt" o ckf" y cu"ugtxcpv"vq"c" j ctf" óhearted mistress, who gave her as wages no more than eighteen pieces a year. The maid prayed to the Gods that she would like it to be known to the world how miserably she was paid by her mistress. Thereupon, Zeus created this Dove, which proclaims an audible deca-qevq"vq"cnn"vjg" y qtnf"vq"vjku"xgt{"fc{0}\"{o}}

Fisher quite rightly points out that the four syllables of the name fit badly with the repetitive three-syllable song, so I surmise that there was possibly a local shortening of the second vowel to $fge\phi gevq$ to allow the tale to work.

The arrival and success of this species has nothing to do with the decline in recent years of its cousin, the Turtle Dove. That bird risks migration every year, and suffers both here and in Africa from habitat degradation. The Collared Dove is resident and apparently here to stay, a wonderful addition to our bird-life. So, if the song drives you to distraction, count to eighteen, and then to sixty, while you contemplate the value of a true winner.

Ray Reedman, June 2013

(See page 7 for fgvcknu"qh"Tc{øu"vcnm"qp"÷Cp"Gzrnqtcvkqp"qh"Dktf"Pcoguø"qp" November 18th).

On the subject of bees:

Welsh poppy: To be (Meconopsis), or not to be,

that is the question.

We are constantly urged to plant wild flowers in our gardens. I can't praise the Welsh poppy enough. Although this is designated wild, it sits well in a garden situation. I can guarantee that every morning in late spring/early summer, you will hear the loud buzz of bees on the yellow and orange flowers. The loud buzz is a cunning ploy to free up the pollen. It's very interesting to see a bee's-eye view of this dainty flower:







Photos by kind permission of Dave Kennard

In ultraviolet (middle), the anthers and stigma appear much darker than they do in visible light. There are also UV markings at the base of the petals. These are nectar guides, and are thought to help bees and

other insects that can see ultraviolet light home in on the area of the flower where nectar and pollen are located. In infrared light the poppy appears much the same (in terms of tone) as it does under visible light.

Kvøu an ideal plant to brighten up a shady corner in a garden, although it self-seeds over much of my garden. One piece of research referred to it disdainfully cu"÷c" y gg føl""How very disrespectful! Originally assigned by Linnaeus with the other poppies to the genus *Papaver*, it then became *Meconopsis cambrica*. Recent DNA research suggests that Linnaeus was right, cpf"kvøu"enqugt"vq"vjg" i gpwu"*Papaver*. To finish with the Bard, ÷What's in a name? that which we call a rose by any other name would smell as sweetø. *Hqt"÷tqugø."uwduvkvwvg"Ogeqpqruku" ec o dtkec."cpf"kø o "chtckf"kv"fqgupøv"have a smell).

In praise of garden flowers: I took a long hard look at my garden and on a sunny Aug 7th, contrary to Monty Don's opinion on dahlias, one of the most popular drop-in cafes for bumble bees of varying sizes and colours was my dahlia of unknown name. Sheila



EEG member Anne Booth attended a right royal 'do' recently,

Plantlife - speaking up for wild plants

Plantlife began in 1989, following a conference of leading conservation organisations, where the case was argued that not enough was being done to protect and conserve wild plants. Since then Plantlife has grown from an office of two people to a staff of 40 with a head office in Salisbury, and national offices in Wales and Scotland. It has 23 nature reserves across the UK, covering more than 4,500 acres (1,800 hectares) in total.

Plantlife actively campaigns on a number of issues affecting our wild plants and fungi. It takes positions on important matters that impact on wild plants and their habitats both in the UK and globally such as ash die-back, juniper decline, sowing seed in the wild, peat, invasive species, road verges and climate change. It provides reports and recommendations to inform policymakers and the public at large on the botanical and environmental implications often embedded in important public policy issues.

Their patron is HRH the Prince of Wales and in 2012 he suggested a remarkable project: a meadow in every county to mark the anniversary of $\{\hat{A}^{(i)}\}^* \land \{\hat{A}^{(i)}\}^* \land \{$

Sites have now been identified in nearly every county in Britain: many have an annual hay cut and are grazed by hardy, native breeds of livestock and reflect the local character of the landscape. Now the second] $\frac{1}{4}$ $\frac{$

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Anne Booth, voluntary Reserve Warden, Moor Copse

Useful addresses http://www.plantlife.org.uk www.moorcopse.org.uk http://www.bbowt.org.uk



Beautiful water avens in Moor Copse



Anne Booth (right) waiting to have her say (Photograph by Robin Bell for the Coronation Meadows Project)

The Plight of Our Bees



LOCALLY:

Earley Town Council has planted several wildflower sites, specifically to attract and provide a lifeline for our native pollinators, as well as supporting butterflies. The photo shows the beautiful wildflower meadow created by ETC in Paddick Drive.

Reading University is a major centre for Bee research, and produced the report, $\pm \sqrt{0} + \sqrt{0} +$

Reading Borough Council has provided sites to be planted up for the Urban Pollinators@ Research Project.

The Museum of English Rural Life (MERL) has planted flowers for bees.

Websites: www.foe.co.uk. www.pushingupdandelions.co.uk.

Reading: % QEÁY [| | åÁY ã cQ ~ cÁÓ^^• + ÊÓQ Eã [}ÁÓ^ } bæ { ¾ Áæ } åÁÓ lãæ }ÁT & Ôæ | ° { ÉÁ ~ à EÁ

Guardian Books.

THE ANNUAL EARLEY GREEN FAIR



Earley Green Fair, held on August 3rd, was the usual great success, and brought hundreds of visitors to the Maiden Erlegh Local Nature Reserve. It has been organised for the past eight years by Earley Town Council park ranger Grahame Hawker, who said the feedback had been fantastic and 20 people had already signed up for 2014. The fair is a showcase hqt"vjg"ctgcøu" y kn fnkhg. "eqpugtxcvkqp"cpf" environmental groups. Among the many stalls were representatives from Earley Environmental Group,

The Wokingham District Veteran Tree Association, Reading Friends of the Earth, Mid-Berks Ramblers and The Wildlife Trust.

Photo by permission of the Wokingham Times: John Booth and Michael Brice on the Friends of the Earth stand, publicising the **FoE Cause for Bees**. (See The Plight of our Bees, above)

The 2013 BUG HUNT

This year's Bug Hunt was the usual happy event. Seventeen children took part, led by expert bug hunter Alan, chairman of the EEG. This involves a lot of organisation on his part, collecting microscopes and other necessary equipment like sweep nets, and setting up a moth-trap the night before.

After an introductory talk, the children made their way to a wild part of the Maiden Erlegh Nature Reserve and had a great time with the sweep nets. Anything captured was then taken to the Interpretation Centre to have a much closer look, with Alan giving detailed information on what could be seen under magnification. At the end of their investigations, the children went outside to see the release of the moths which had been captured in the trap, always a cause for excitement on seeing the moths take wing.



The following children took part: Charlotte and Honor Maskell, Owen West, Alex Jaeger, Eve and Grace Whitley, Rajan and Ameya Dhanjal, James and Emma Johnson, Dylan and Lily-Mai Stenson, Charlie and Jacob Prince, Ewan and Lauren Britland, and Nasser Rashid, (the big kid in green is Alan). See *Get Reading* website/*Earley*.

SIBLY HALL DEVELOPMENT

The plan app number is RM/2013/1232. For a fuller account of the ETC meeting, see their website http://www.earley-

tc.gov.uk/planningcommittee.htm and click on minutes of 16th July. **Anne Booth**

RECYCLING NEWS



Ice-cream, margarine and yoghurt tubs can now be binned for recycling not only around the University, but also at Sainsbury's, Winnersh (in the main area of the car park at the back). This collection is not by WBC.

NEWS FROM BEYOND EARLEY

EARLEY WILDLIFE SIGHTINGS and NEWS

Gillian: July *Butterflies* have made welcome visits to Gillian's garden, aided by the recent timely warm weather. These included the comma, holly blue, peacock, red admiral, speckled wood, small white, and gatekeeper.

Birds were the usual garden visitors, but included 11 starlings* on the back lawn and green woodpecker in the front garden.

*11 seems a good number, with RSPB surveys showing an average of 3 per garden last year eqorctgf"vq"37"kp"3;9;0"Kv"fqgupøv"rc{"vq"vcmg"cp{"yknfnkhg"hqt" i tcpvgf0"The RSPB also warned that the numbers seen in the murmurations, when the birds gather above roost sites at dusk and fly in patterns before settling down for the night, are also dropping. It is not clear what is causing the declines, although possible causes include changes in and reductions in their insect food because of farming methods and drought. In Berkshire the most recent high count of 10,000 was at Brimpton in 2004, prior to that 12,000 at Thatcham in 2000. This compares with counts of "millions" in the 1950s.

LOCAL FORTHCOMING EVENTS 2013

Monday, 16th September 19.30 to 21.30 The resurgence of bovine TB in England and Wales: a scientific and political conundrum - Nick Taylor, a veterinary epidemiologist working at the University of Reading. Venue: Function Room, Maiden Place, off Kilnsea Drive, Lower Earley Monday, 21st October 19.30 to 21.30: Ants A talk by Heather Campbell. Heather has undertaken extensive research into thorn-dwelling ants in Namibia. Ants don't often figure high on a list of favourite insects, but you may think again after Heather provides a picture of these fascinating insects, and their association with the camelthorn tree, Vachellia erioloba. Come and be prepared to be surprised. Venue: Function Room, Maiden Place, off Kilnsea Drive, Lower Earley.

Monday, 18th November 19.30 to 21.30: An Exploration of Bird Names - A talk by Ray Reedman. What do the following have in common? An Indian prince; a Victorian postman; a Little Brown Job; a bit of dubious Anglo-Saxon; a lack of feet; the Cree people; a fear of horses; King Canute? The answer is that they, and many more surprises, all appear in the story of the names of British birds, which will be told in *An Exploration of Bird Names*. Venue: Function Room, Maiden Place, off Kilnsea Drive, Lower Earley.

December: Christmas Social, see www.earleyenvironmental group.co.uk.

2014

<u>Tuesday, 21st January</u> 19.30 to 21.30: <u>Annual General Meeting</u> of the Environmental Group and a follow-up to the *Plants on Walls* that Kit Brownlee did this past year. She will tell us about the creatures that we can find on the walls around us. Venue: Function Room Maiden Place, off Kilnsea Drive, Lower Earley.

Bits and Pieces

You might like to make a note of the **Reading Town Meal 2013**, Forbury Gardens, Saturday 5th October, 12noon to 4pm. The biggest "picnic in the park" that Reading has ever seen will return to Forbury Gardens on Saturday 5 October and we want the local community to get involved in this **celebration of local sustainable food**. A **delicious meal**, cooked by Reading College catering students from produce grown and donated by local allotment holders and home growers will be served free to over 1,000 people. Forbury Gardens will be filled with **fun activities**, cookery demonstrations and local food producers. Community groups will be setting out their stalls and music from local bands will keep the tempo going all afternoon.

BBOWT:Berks Mammal Group meeting 17th October 19.00-21.00. Hugh Warwick Talk. BMG Social members free, non-members £2. Hugh has been invited back to talk about his latest book, *The Beauty in the Beast*. This is going to be a fun and exciting start to the season of indoor meetings. Venue: the Reading International Solidarity Centre. After the presentation there will be a group social downstairs in the Global Café. Contact: Edwin Trout at **e.trout@concrete.org.uk**. To find out more about Hugh, the hedgehog-loving ecologist, why not visit his blog?

Living Record is designed to encourage people to record the wildlife they see around them by making the process quick and easy. It provides a personal record system for each participant and shared distribution maps to inform and inspire. To find out more, go to http://www.livingrecord.net/news/1109.cfm. Also check out our March 2012 newsletter on the EEG website.

EASI (Earley Adopt-a-Street Initiative) would like more volunteers. Help keep your street clear of litter: all equipment provided. Phone Brian Hackett on 0118 986 1115, or email ask.mera@btinternet.com.

Can you offer active **help to EEG**? If so, phone 0118 9620004, or go to the website. We would welcome more member involvement. If you have no expertise and would like to get involved, you may be able to give practical help. Perhaps help with distributing the newsletter hard copies, or maybe you have graphic design skills (for occasional posters, leaflets), computer skills, any other skills to offer.

Join the **EEG Yahoo Group** and post your wildlife sightings and messages. You'll find a link to Yahoo on our website. EEG Committee Members can be found on www.earleyenvironmentalgroup.co.uk under Contacts, or phone 0118 962 0004.

For **Wildlife Survey Forms**, go to the website or phone Earley Town Council 0118 986 8995. Comments or contributions to the newsletter to: sheila.crowson@ntlworld.com or 2 Reeds Avenue, Earley, RG6 5SR. We would welcome short contributions from members to the newsletter. If you know anyone who would like to join EEG, membership forms are available from Earley Town Council, 0118 986 8995, on the website under Downloads, or send an e-mail to Liz Wild at liz@helva.plus.com.

Thanks to Jean for proof-reading so diligently.

SUPPORT YOUR LOCAL SHOPS

The True Food Co-op: Their mission is to take low-cost organic food out to the people, bypassing the supermarkets which charge a lot for organics. Although the Silverdale Market is closed, you will be able to shop at Lower Earley Market,,Trinity Church, Chalfont Close, Earley RG6 5HZ (next to Asda store), Saturdays 12 noon to 3pm. www.truefood.coop.

Pet Fayre, Maiden Lane Centre, Lower Earley: A small independent shop, with bird feeders of all kinds, a variety of bird feed, large bags of which the shop is willing to deliver locally, tel 0118 926 6512, e-mail sales@petfayre-reading.co.uk or go on the comprehensive website www.petfayre-reading.co.uk

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